

DEPARTMENT of ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES
Water Supply & Pollution Control Division - Biology Bureau

LAKE TROPHIC DATA

MORPHOMETRIC:

Lake: GREAT HILL POND	Lake Area (ha):	27.52
Town: TAMWORTH	Maximum depth (m):	3.0
County: Carroll	Mean depth (m):	0.9
River Basin: Saco	Volume (m ³):	250000
Latitude: 43°52'23" N	Relative depth:	0.5
Longitude: 71°20'34" W	Shore configuration:	1.45
Elevation (ft): 939	Areal water load (m/yr):	8.40
Shore length (m): 2700	Flushing rate (yr ⁻¹):	9.20
Watershed area (ha): 412.9	P retention coeff.:	0.57
% watershed ponded: 0.3	Lake type:	natural

BIOLOGICAL:

19 January 1993

1 September 1992

DOM. PHYTOPLANKTON (% TOTAL)	#1	DINOBRYON 85%	CHRYSOSSPHAERELLA 40%
	#2		UROGLENOPSIS 10%
	#3		PERIDINIUM 10%
PHYTOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (cells/mL)			550
CHLOROPHYLL-A (µg/L)			9.12
DOM. ZOOPLANKTON (% TOTAL)	#1	CILIATE SPP. 42%	NAUPLIUS LARVA 27%
	#2	SYNCHAETA 27%	POLYARTHRA 15%
	#3		
ROTIFERS/LITER		103	79
MICROCRUSTACEA/LITER		37	102
ZOOPLANKTON ABUNDANCE (#/L)		243	190
VASCULAR PLANT ABUNDANCE			Abundant
SECCHI DISK TRANSPARENCY (m)			1.7
BOTTOM DISSOLVED OXYGEN (mg/L)		7.2	8.1
BACTERIA (E. coli, #/100 ml)	#1		4
	#2		
	#3		

SUMMER THERMAL STRATIFICATION:

not stratified

Depth of thermocline (m): None
Hypolimnion volume (m³) : None
Anoxic volume (m³) : None

CHEMICAL:

Lake: GREAT HILL POND
Town: TAMWORTH

	19 January 1993		1 September 1992		
DEPTH (m)	1.0		1.0		3.0
pH (units)	5.8		6.3		6.3
A.N.C. (Alkalinity)	3.2		3.0		3.1
NITRATE NITROGEN	0.09		< 0.02		< 0.02
TOTAL KJELDAHL NITROGEN	0.17		0.25		0.29
TOTAL PHOSPHORUS	0.013		0.014		0.013
CONDUCTIVITY (μ mhos/cm)	23.1		18.5		18.2
APPARENT COLOR (cpu)	55		75		76
MAGNESIUM			0.25		
CALCIUM			1.3		
SODIUM			1.4		
POTASSIUM			0.32		
CHLORIDE	< 3		< 3		< 3
SULFATE	3		2		2
TN : TP	20		18		22
CALCITE SATURATION INDEX			4.4		

All results in mg/L unless indicated otherwise

TROPHIC CLASSIFICATION: 1992

D.O. S.D. PLANT CHL TOTAL CLASS

**	4	5	2	11	Eutro.
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COMMENTS:

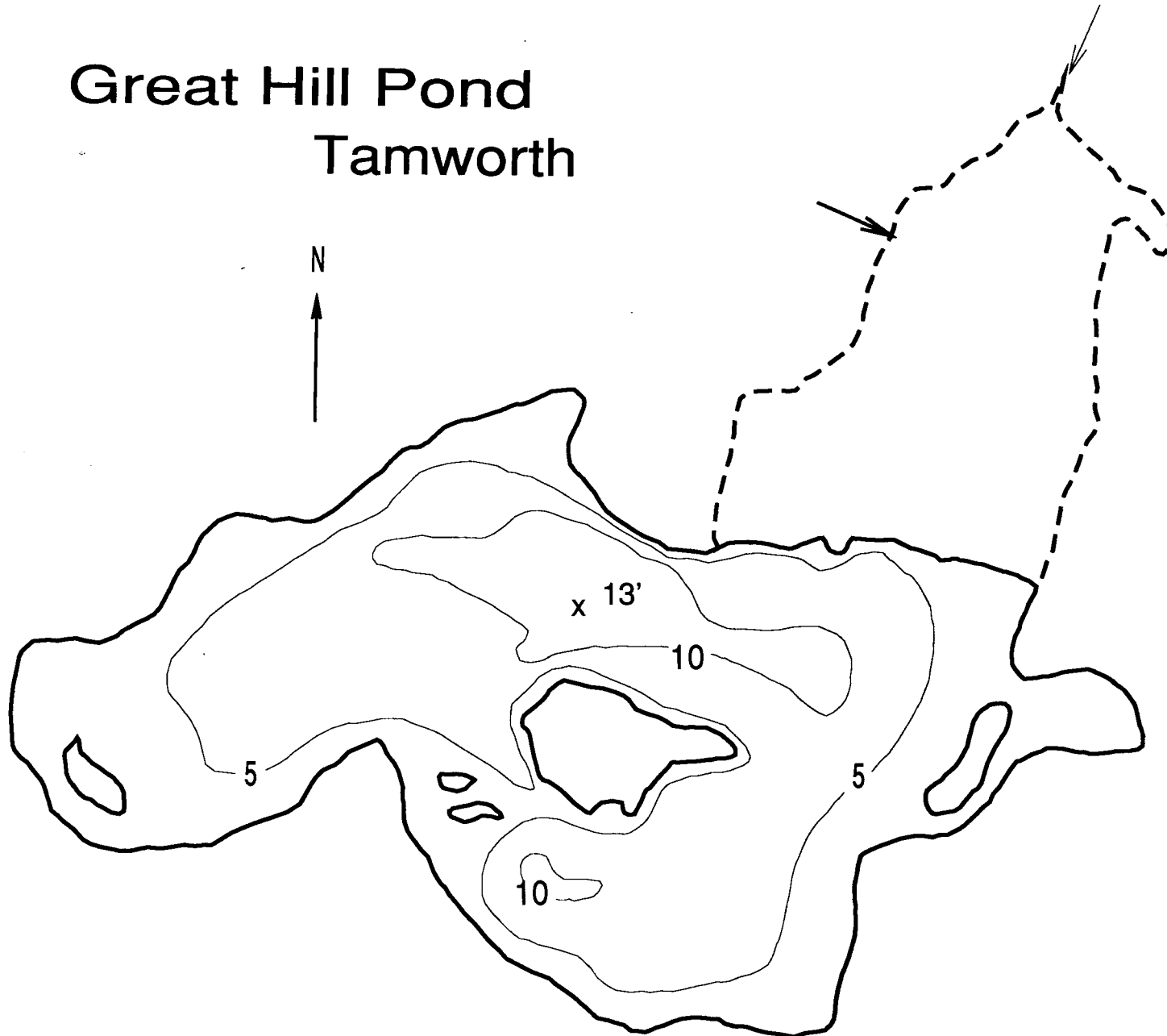
1. Sphaerocystis (35%) and Quadrigula (20%) were the dominant genera of wholewater phytoplankton. Dominant classes were greens (70%) and blue-greens (20%).
2. This pond was previously surveyed in 1987 and was rated mesotrophic at that time. Part of the change was due to a revised trophic classification system and part was due to a higher chlorophyll and a lower visibility reading in 1992.

Great Hill Pond Tamworth

N



111-94



5 foot depth contours

0

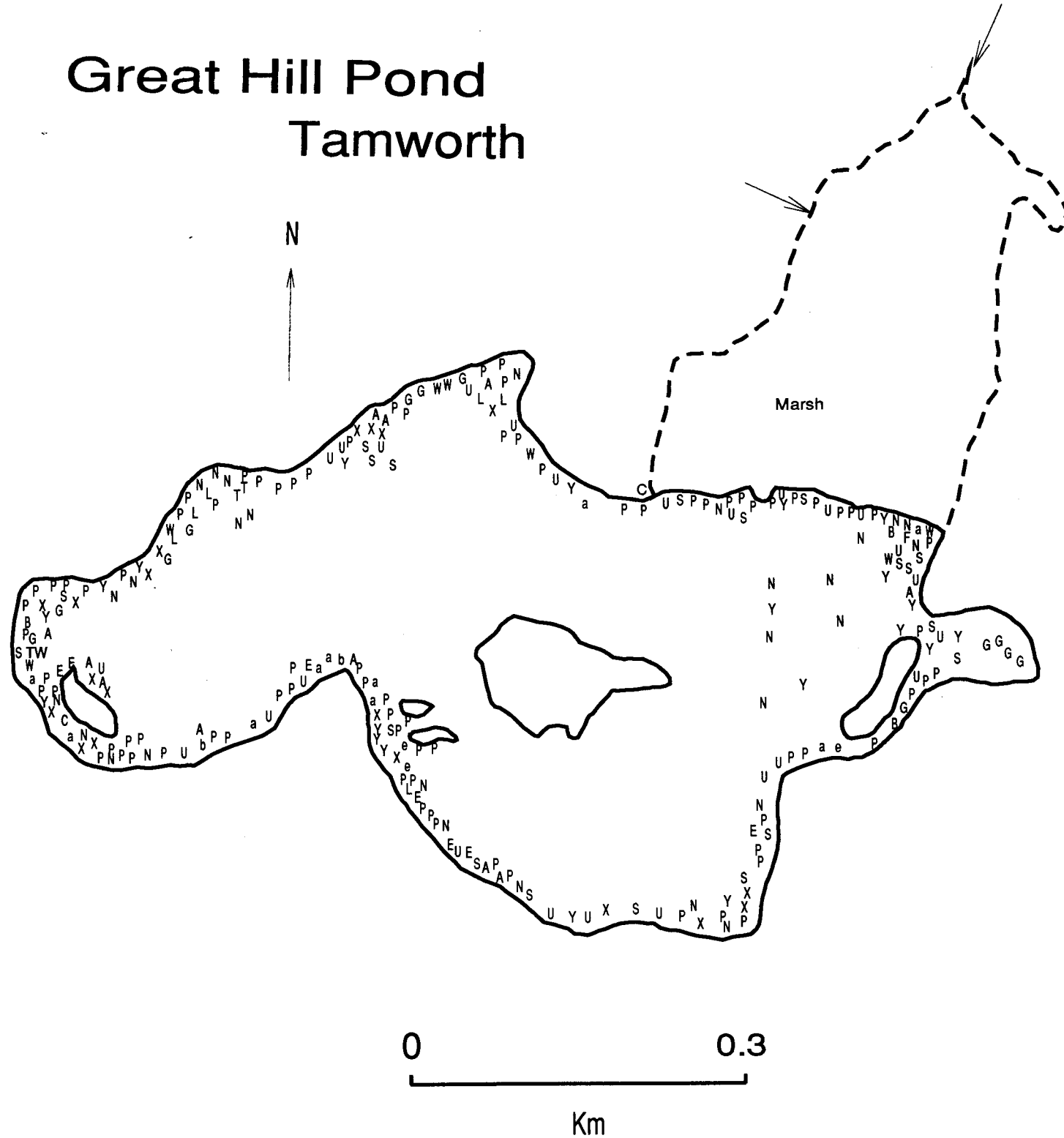
0.3



Km

[illegible]

96-111



AQUATIC PLANT SURVEY

LAKE: GREAT HILL POND

TOWN: TAMWORTH

DATE: 09/01/92

Key	PLANT NAME		ABUNDANCE
	GENERIC	COMMON	
U	Utricularia	Bladderwort	Common
S	Sparganium	Bur reed	Common
N	Nymphaea	White water lily	Scat/Common
Y	Nuphar	Yellow water lily	Scattered
e	Chamaedaphne calyculata	Leatherleaf	Abundant
P	Pontederia cordata	Pickernelweed	Common
A	Sagittaria	Arrowhead	Scattered
X		Sterile thread-like leaf	Scattered
G	Gramineae	Grass family	Abundant
W	Potamogeton	Pondweed	Sparse
B	Brasenia schreberi	Water shield	Sparse
T	Typha	Cattail	Scattered
d	Dulichium arundinaceum	Three-way sedge	Sparse
L	Lobelia dortmanna	Water lobelia	Sparse
E	Eriocaulon septangulare	Pipewort	Sparse
a	Peltandra virginica	Arrow arum	Scat/Common
b	Cyperaceae	non-flowering sedge	Sparse
C	Calla palustris	Water arum	Sparse

OVERALL ABUNDANCE: Abundant

GENERAL OBSERVATIONS:

1. A nice looking natural area--an open water marsh or weedy pond--with no development.
2. Leatherleaf was abundant around the shoreline; the pond had numerous floating bog islands of leatherleaf, sundew, pitcher plants, and grasses.
3. Both pink and white flowered varieties of Nymphaea were present.